



Jarosław Osiadacz, Mineral and Energy Economy Research Institute of the Polish Academy of Sciences



Agenda:

- ▶ Business models of utilisation of forestry residues
- Methodology of qualitative assessment of the business models (vs. quantitative feasibility studies)
- Comparison of business models developed in the frame of CEforestry project
- Discussion of the potential of the developed business model



- ► Four business model were developed in the frame of CEforestry project (as an output O2.2. CE business model for the forestry biomass residues recovery):
 - ▶ BM 1 Antibacterial extracts for B2B (wastewater treatment/paper industry): This model focuses on using biomass residues to produce antibacterial extracts, which can be used in wastewater treatment and the paper industry.
 - ▶ BM 2 Antibacterial extracts for the food industry (food preservatives): This model focuses on producing antibacterial extracts as food preservatives, significantly extending the shelf life of food.
 - BM 3 Meat anoluge adds (fermentation variant): This model proposes using fermentation and purification of biomass residues which can be used in the food industry, i.e. to produce meat analogues.
 - ▶ BM 4 Bio-extracts for cosmetic production (B2B): Focused on producing bio-extracts for use in the cosmetic industry, this model allows for the creation of natural and eco-friendly cosmetic products.





- Qualitative assessment of the business model were done according to the methodology based on the classical commercialization model developed by Jolly [1,2]
- ▶ Procedure of the QuickLook™ assessment consist on the seven steps:
 - Defining the scope of the evaluation
 - Description of the technology (defining the essence of innovation)
 - Assessment of the technology's value, taking into account intellectual property (IP)
 - Identification / definition of technology recipients
 - Assessment of available resources (organizational, technical, personnel, financial, etc.) that may affect the commercialization process
 - Development of a model / task recommendations for technology transfer, alliances, or market entry
 - Development of recommendations for the commercialization method

^[1] Jolly, Vijay K. "Commercializing new technologies: getting from mind to market." Harvard Business School Press, (1997).



- ▶ In the case where a comparative assessment is required, the following criteria are applied:
 - ▶ Level of technological development (i.e. TRL level) [weight: 40%]
 - Market potential (including market growth rate and diversity of applications) [weight: 25%]
 - Competitiveness (including the possibility of intellectual property protection) [weight: 20%]
 - Market size and maturity [weight: 15%]
- ▶ If you do a score evaluation, you can weight the total score for comparison [suggested weights in square brackets].





Business model & technology	BM 1 – Antibacterial extracts for B2B (wastewater treatment /paper industry)	BM 2 – Antibacterial extracts for the food industry (food preservatives)	BM 3 – Meat analogue adds (fermentation variant)	BM 4 – Bio- extracts for cosmetic production (B2B)
Level of technology development	Semi-technical scale tests were performed.	Laboratory scale test were performed.	Short-series product were launched to the market.	Laboratory scale test were performed.
Rank	* * * * *	* * *	* * * * *	* * *





Business model & technology	BM 1 – Antibacterial extracts for B2B (wastewater treatment /paper industry)	BM 2 – Antibacterial extracts for the food industry (food preservatives)	BM 3 – Meat analogue adds (fermentation variant)	BM 4 – Bio- extracts for cosmetic production (B2B)
Market growth potential (2025-2030)	Natural antimicrobial agent for industry is forecasted to growth at CAGR 4,4%-7,1%	Natural food preservatives growth rate (CAGR): 6,5%- 7,0%	Natural food additives market is forecasted to growth at a CAGR 5,4-5,9%, Global meat substitutes market will growth at CAGR 13,5%	Natural (bio) cosmetics market is forecasted to growth at 5,9%- 6,4% CAGR.
Rank	* * *	* * * *	* * * *	* * * *





Business model & technology	BM 1 – Antibacterial extracts for B2B (wastewater treatment/ paper industry)	BM 2 – Antibacterial extracts for the food industry (food preservatives)	BM 3 – Meat analogue adds (fermentation variant)	BM 4 – Bio- extracts for cosmetic production (B2B)
Competitiveness (measured as IP patentability)	"spruce bark extract" – 21 records at Esp@cenet worldwide	" spruce needle extract" – 11 records at Esp@cenet worldwide	"fermented spruce needle" – 0 records at Esp@cenet worldwide	"needle tree cosmetics" – 7 records at Esp@cenet worldwide
Rank	***	***	***	***





Business model & technology	BM 1 – Antibacterial extracts for B2B (wastewater treatment /paper industry)	BM 2 – Antibacterial extracts for the food industry (food preservatives)	BM 3 – Meat analogue adds (fermentation variant)	BM 4 – Bio- extracts for cosmetic production (B2B)
Level of technology development	* * * * *	* * *	* * * *	* * *
Market growth potential (2025-2030)	* * *	* * * *	* * * *	* * * *
Competitiveness (as IP patentability)	* * * *	* * * *	* * * * *	* * * *
Market size and maturity	* * * * *	* * *	* * * * *	* * *
Summary rank	****	***	****	***







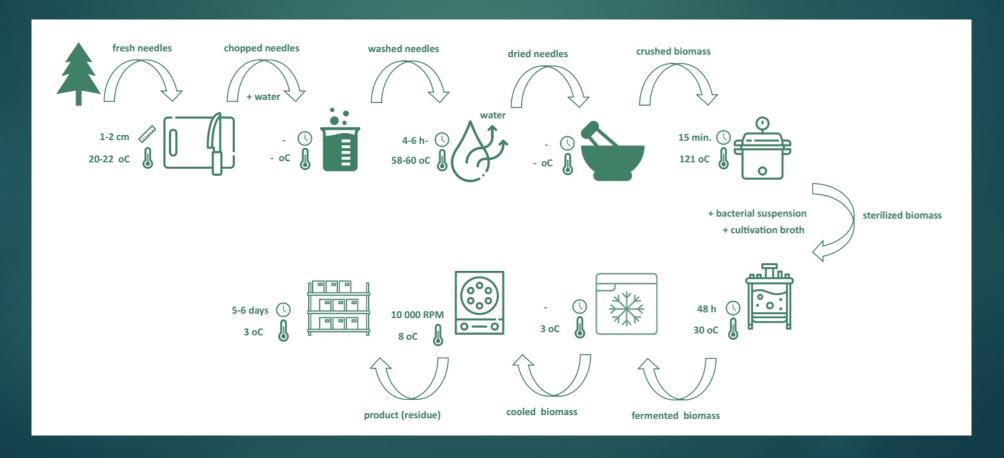


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Meat analogue adds (fermentation variant) - technology



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Meat analogue adds (fermentation variant) - use



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Strengths

- ► Innovative product
- Large market for meat analogues
- ► Low financial barriers to entry
- Low barriers related to IP protection
- Commercially tested (small scale)

Weaknesses

- Niche nature of the product due to its flavour and aroma
- Uncertain market growth forecasts

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Opportunities

- Possibility of formal IP protection
- Changing consumption habits in the EU
- Search for healthy and sustainable food

Threats

- Easy-to-copy product (unless protected)
- Dominance of large corporations producing food additives
- Susceptibility to consumer trends

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Thank you for your attention!

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